# Berkeley IPIRA

**Request Information** 

## COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS OF USE FOR VARIANT CSY4 ENDORIBONUCLEASES

Tech ID: 19837 / UC Case 2010-028-0

### PATENT STATUS

| Country                  | Туре          | Number    | Dated      | Case     |
|--------------------------|---------------|-----------|------------|----------|
| United States Of America | Issued Patent | 9,115,348 | 08/25/2015 | 2010-028 |
|                          |               |           |            |          |

#### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION**

DNA restriction enzymes transformed molecular biology in the 1970s by making it possible to cleave specific DNA sequences at will. Sequencing of RNA molecules currently entails copying the RNA into a DNA strand that is then sequenced by conventional methods. This approach, also known as RNASeq, is robust and can yield many millions of sequence reads. However, the necessity of generating cDNA introduces inherent bias due to sequence-dependent efficiencies of individual steps.

UC Berkeley researchers discovered variant Csy4 endoribonucleases, nucleic acids encoding the variant Csy4 endoribonucleases, and host cells genetically modified with the nucleic acids that can be used to detect the presence of a particular sequence in a polyribonucleotide, (e.g., to detect the presence of pathogen in a biological sample). The variant Csy4 endoribonucleases find use in a variety of applications, which are also provided. The present disclosure also provides methods of detecting a specific sequence in a target polyribonucleotide; and methods of regulating production of a target RNA in a eukaryotic cell.

#### SUGGESTED USES

- » Detect a target nucleotide (e.g., of a pathogen in a biological sample)
- » Purify a particular target RNA (or RNA protein complex) from within a complex mixture
- » Delivery of modular components (e.g., effector domains) in conjunction with Cas9
- » Modulate expression of RNA molecules in eukaryotic cells
- » RNA processing enzyme

#### **ADVANTAGES**

» Detects as few as a single copy of a target polyribonucleotide

#### RELATED MATERIALS

» Sequence- and Structure-Specific RNA Processing by a CRISPR Endonuclease - 07/22/2010

#### ADDITIONAL TECHNOLOGIES BY THESE INVENTORS

- ▶ COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR IDENTIFYING HOST CELL TARGET PROTEINS FOR TREATING RNA VIRUS INFECTIONS
- ▶ Genome Editing via LNP-Based Delivery of Efficient and Stable CRISPR-Cas Editors

#### CONTACT

Terri Sale terri.sale@berkeley.edu tel: 510-643-4219.



Permalink

#### **INVENTORS**

- » Doudna, Jennifer A.
- » Haurwitz, Rachel E.
- » Wiedenheft, Blake A.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

KEYWORDS

Csy4, Cas9, CRISPR, imaging

#### **CATEGORIZED AS**

» Materials & Chemicals

» Biological

» Medical

>> Imaging

> Research Tools

» Research Tools

>> Reagents

**RELATED CASES** 2010-028-0

- ▶ Tissue-Specific Genome Engineering Using CRISPR-Cas9
- ▶ Type III CRISPR-Cas System for Robust RNA Knockdown and Imaging in Eukaryotes
- Cas12-mediated DNA Detection Reporter Molecules
- ▶ Improved guide RNA and Protein Design for CasX-based Gene Editing Platform
- Cas13a/C2c2 A Dual Function Programmable RNA Endoribonuclease
- Miniature Type VI CRISPR-Cas Systems and Methods of Use
- RNA-directed Cleavage and Modification of DNA using CasY (CRISPR-CasY)
- CasX Nickase Designs, Tans Cleavage Designs & Structure
- ▶ In Vivo Gene Editing Of Tau Locus Via Liponanoparticle Delivery
- Methods and Compositions for Modifying a single stranded Target Nucleic Acid
- A Dual-RNA Guided CasZ Gene Editing Technology
- CRISPR-CAS EFFECTOR POLYPEPTIDES AND METHODS OF USE THEREOF ("Cas-VariPhi")
- ► A Protein Inhibitor Of Cas9
- RNA-directed Cleavage and Modification of DNA using CasX (CRISPR-CasX)
- Compositions and Methods for Genome Editing
- Methods to Interfere with Prokaryotic and Phage Translation and Noncoding RNA
- ▶ Variant Cas12a Protein Compositions and Methods of Use
- In Vitro and In Vivo Genome Editing by LNP Delivery of CRISPR Ribonucleoprotein
- ▶ CRISPR CASY COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS OF USE
- Single Conjugative Vector for Genome Editing by RNA-guided Transposition
- Improved Cas12a Proteins for Accurate and Efficient Genome Editing
- ▶ CRISPR-CAS EFFECTOR POLYPEPTIDES AND METHODS OF USE THEREOF
- Engineered/Variant Hyperactive CRISPR CasPhi Enzymes And Methods Of Use Thereof
- Methods Of Use Of Cas12L/CasLambda In Plants
- ▶ Type V CRISPR/CAS Effector Proteins for Cleaving ssDNA and Detecting Target DNA
- ▶ THERMOSTABLE RNA-GUIDED ENDONUCLEASES AND METHODS OF USE THEREOF (GeoCas9)
- Variant TnpB and wRNA Proteins
- Structure-Guided Methods Of Cas9-Mediated Genome Engineering
- Efficient Site-Specific Integration Of New Genetic Information Into Human Cells
- Class 2 CRISPR/Cas COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS OF USE
- Methods and Compositions for Controlling Gene Expression by RNA Processing

Berkeley

University of California, Berkeley Office of Technology Licensing 2150 Shattuck Avenue, Suite 510, Berkeley,CA 94704 Tel: 510.643.7201 | Fax: 510.642.4566 ipira.berkeley.edu/ | otl-feedback@lists.berkeley.edu © 2018, The Regents of the University of California Terms of use | Privacy Notice