

Endogenous Small Molecule Proximity Methylator For Targeted Lysosomal Degradation Of Disease-Causing Proteins

Tech ID: 34823 / UC Case 2025-879-0

BRIEF DESCRIPTION

A novel chemically inducible platform that directs arginine methylation to target proteins, enabling their selective lysosomal degradation.

FULL DESCRIPTION

MrTAC is a protein degradation platform that uses PRMT-mediated arginine methylation to drive lysosomal degradation of disease-relevant proteins. Unlike proteasome-based degraders, it enables elimination of previously inaccessible targets through a fully endogenous, proximity-induced mechanism without genetic manipulation.

SUGGESTED USES

- » Therapeutic development for disease-associated proteins resistant to existing degraders.
- » Drug discovery and research tools for tissue-specific, endogenous protein degradation and proteostasis studies.
- » Platform for next-generation therapeutics, including cancer treatments and proximity-induced small molecules

ADVANTAGES

- » Introduces an endogenous, PRMT-driven lysosomal degradation mechanism distinct from proteasome-based approaches and without genetic modification.
- » Expands the degradable target space, enabling removal of disease-relevant and previously intractable proteins across diverse cellular contexts.
- » Provides a modular, tissue-specific platform using multiple PRMTs to study methylation-dependent lysosomal degrons and proteostasis.

PATENT STATUS

Patent Pending

CONTACT

Steven T. Huyn
shuyn@uci.edu
tel: 949-824-7913.



OTHER INFORMATION

CATEGORIZED AS

- » **Biotechnology**
 - » Proteomics
- » **Medical**
 - » Disease: Cancer
 - » Therapeutics
- » **Research Tools**
 - » Bioinformatics

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