

SYMMETRIC, AIR-TOLERANT AND MEMBRANELESS ALL ORGANIC FLOW BATTERIES

Tech ID: 34141 / UC Case 2025-180-0

PATENT STATUS

Patent Pending

BRIEF DESCRIPTION

An electrolyte containing a compound with a unique molecular structure is disclosed for use in symmetric, air-tolerant and membraneless all-organic flow batteries. The innovation addresses challenges in large-scale energy storage, offering a safer and more efficient alternative to conventional batteries that rely on metal-based active materials, which can be toxic or have limited availability. The novel technology, developed by researchers at UC Berkeley, features a single active compound in the electrolyte that functions as both the anolyte and catholyte, eliminating the need for a costly and failure-prone membrane. This design simplifies the battery's architecture, improves its resilience to air exposure, and enhances its overall efficiency and longevity.

SUGGESTED USES

»

The technology is ideal for grid-scale energy storage, where it can be used to stabilize power grids and integrate renewable energy sources like solar and wind.

»

The batteries can be used in electric vehicle charging stations to store energy and provide rapid, high-power charging for vehicles.

»

This technology provides reliable backup power for commercial and industrial facilities and helps manage peak energy demands, which can reduce electricity costs.

»

The invention is suitable for off-grid power systems in remote locations or for applications where grid connectivity is unreliable or unavailable.

ADVANTAGES

»

Enhanced safety: The use of all-organic, non-toxic materials eliminates the risks associated with hazardous or scarce metals, making the battery safer for manufacturing, use, and disposal.

»

Simplified design: The symmetric, membraneless architecture reduces complexity and manufacturing costs while increasing durability and long-term stability.

»

Improved efficiency: The single-compound electrolyte and lack of a membrane lead to reduced internal resistance and improved energy efficiency.

»

CONTACT

Laleh Shayesteh
lalehs@berkeley.edu
tel: 510-642-4537.



INVENTORS

» Toste, Francisco D.

OTHER INFORMATION

CATEGORIZED AS

» **Energy**

» Storage/Battery

» **Materials & Chemicals**

» Chemicals

RELATED CASES

2025-180-0

Air tolerance: The battery's design is robust against air exposure, making it more reliable and easier to handle and operate in various environments.

»

Sustainability: The reliance on organic compounds, which can be sourced from abundant materials, positions this technology as a sustainable solution for future energy storage needs.

RELATED MATERIALS

ADDITIONAL TECHNOLOGIES BY THESE INVENTORS

- [Redox-Based Reagents For Methionine Bioconjugation](#)
- [Asymetric Electrophilic Fluorination Using An Anionic Chiral Phasee-Transfer Catalyst](#)



University of California, Berkeley Office of Technology Licensing
2150 Shattuck Avenue, Suite 510, Berkeley, CA 94704
Tel: 510.643.7201 | Fax: 510.642.4566
<https://ipira.berkeley.edu/> | otl-feedback@lists.berkeley.edu
© 2025, The Regents of the University of California
[Terms of use](#) | [Privacy Notice](#)