



Method And Apparatus For Increasing Energy Density In Electric Capacitors Using An Inductive Electric Field

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PATENT STATUS

Country	Type	Number	Dated	Case
United States Of America	Issued Patent	12,424,867	09/23/2025	2019-757

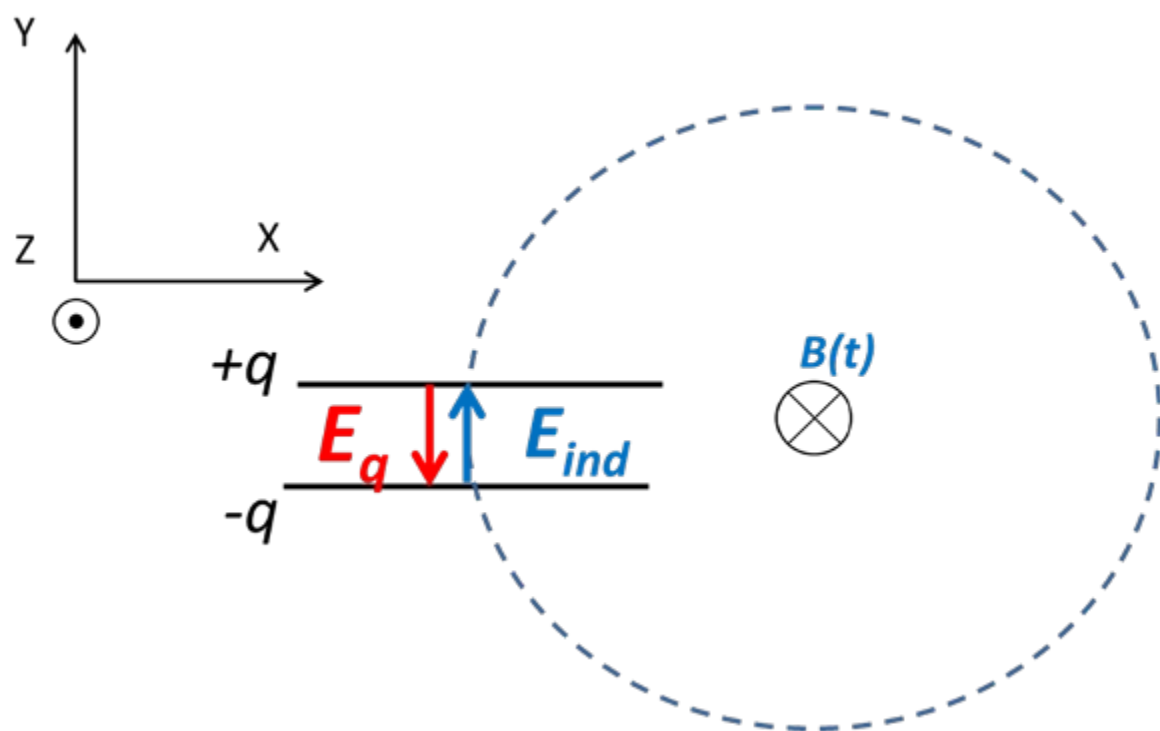
FULL DESCRIPTION

Background:

Despite significant progress made in electric energy storage technology, there is a key problem that remains unsolved. The energy density, i.e., amount of energy stored per unit volume in electric capacitors is less than the one of gasoline - 34.2 MJ/L. Exceeding this limit with electric storage devices would drastically change the future of society and renewable energy storage.

Technology:

Prof. Aleksandr Khitun at UCR has developed a novel and revolutionary method for unlimited energy storage. The essence of the approach is the use of inductive voltage (V_{ind}) to partially compensate for the electrostatic voltage q/C produced by the electric charges on capacitor plates. The theoretical considerations and rigorous computations indicate that is possible to increase the amount of charge stored on the plates before the breakdown and increase the energy stored in the capacitor using the compensational inductive voltage.



Schematics of a parallel-plate capacitor in a time-varying magnetic field B . The red and the blue arrows show the direction of the electrostatic E_q and the inductive electric field E_{ind} , respectively. The direction of the inductive field is chosen to compensate the electrostatic field.

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OTHER INFORMATION

KEYWORDS

capacitors, energy storage, electric vehicle, charge storage, inductive field, energy density

CATEGORIZED AS

- ▶ **Energy**
 - ▶ Other
 - ▶ Storage/Battery
- ▶ **Transportation**
 - ▶ Automotive
 - ▶ Other
 - ▶ Personal

RELATED CASES

2019-757-0

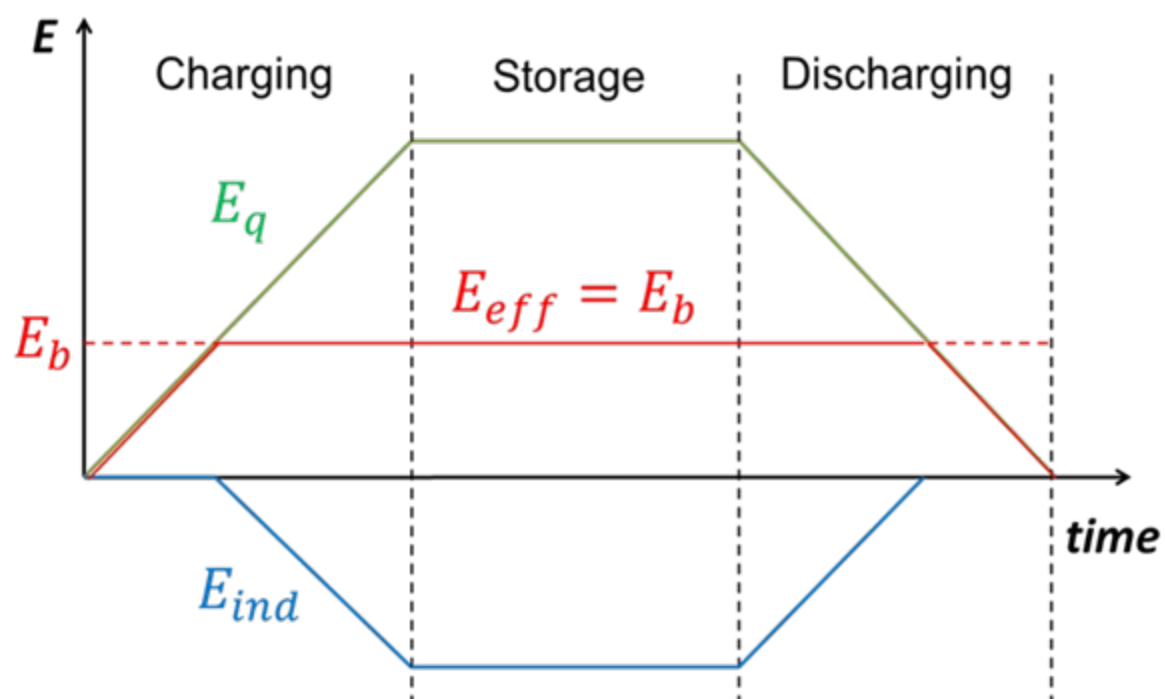


Illustration of the principle of operation. The charging of the capacitor starts at zero inductive electric field E_{ind} . As the electric field produced by charges E_q approaches the breakdown value E_b , the source of magnetic field is turned on to provide the inductive electric field E_{ind} . The inductive field E_{ind} is directed opposite to E_q to compensate the charge-induced electric field. The charging is continued till some charge is stored on the plates. In the storage regime, the inductive field E_{ind} remains constant to keep the effective electric field below the breakdown. The discharging of the capacitor is synchronized with the change of the magnetic field rate. The effective magnetic field is kept close to E_b till the last electron is discharged.

STATE OF DEVELOPMENT

The proof-of-concept experiments demonstrating the electrostatic breakdown suppression by the compensational inductive field have been successfully demonstrated. The results confirm the main idea of the proposed approach

The team is actively seeking potential partners to further the development and commercialization of the technology.

RELATED MATERIALS

- ▶ [An entertaining physics: On the possibility of energy storage enhancement in electrostatic capacitors using the compensational inductive electric field](#)

INVENTIONS BY ALEKSANDR KHITUN

Please see [all inventions by Prof. Alex Khitun](#) at UCR