

MOLECULAR WEAVING ADDITIVES TO ENHANCE THE MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS

Tech ID: 32340 / UC Case 2021-136-0

PATENT STATUS

Patent Pending

BRIEF DESCRIPTION

Achieving a balance between high toughness and elasticity in polymer science is traditionally difficult, as increasing one property often compromises the other. To overcome this limitation, researchers at UC Berkeley have developed a method using crystalline woven and interlocked covalent organic frameworks (COFs) as structural additives. By incorporating these molecularly "woven" frameworks into polymer matrices, the resulting composite materials benefit from the unique mechanical energy dissipation provided by the interlocked COF threads. This molecular weaving approach allows for the creation of advanced materials that possess exceptional strength and flexibility, far surpassing the mechanical performance of standard polymers.

SUGGESTED USES

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Aerospace Components: Developing lightweight structural materials that can withstand high-impact stress and structural fatigue.

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Flexible Electronics: Creating durable, stretchable substrates for wearable sensors and foldable displays that require repeated deformation without failure.

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High-Performance Protective Gear: Engineering body armor or helmets that offer superior energy absorption and impact resistance.

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Automotive Engineering: Producing impact-resistant bumpers or interior components that enhance vehicle safety while reducing total weight.

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Biomedical Implants: Designing resilient, elastic materials for use in joint replacements or synthetic tissues that must mimic the mechanical complexity of natural ligaments.

ADVANTAGES

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Simultaneous Toughness and Elasticity: Breaks the traditional trade-off between these two properties by utilizing the sliding and interlocking mechanisms of woven molecular structures.

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Molecular Precision: The use of COFs allows for the precise control of the internal architecture, ensuring consistent and predictable mechanical enhancement.

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Versatile Compatibility: These woven additives can be integrated into a wide range of synthetic and natural polymers, broadening their industrial applicability.

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Enhanced Energy Dissipation: The interlocked threads provide a unique pathway for absorbing mechanical energy, making materials more resistant to cracking and catastrophic failure.

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Scalable Performance: Adjusting the density or type of woven COF allows manufacturers to "tune" the final material properties to meet specific environmental or industrial requirements.

RELATED MATERIALS

ADDITIONAL TECHNOLOGIES BY THESE INVENTORS

► [Coordinative Alignment Of Molecules In Chiral Metal Organic Frameworks](#)

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OTHER INFORMATION

CATEGORIZED AS

» **Engineering**

» Engineering

» **Materials & Chemicals**

» Chemicals

» Other

» **Transportation**

» Aerospace

» Automotive

INCLUDES

2021-136-0

- ▶ Exceptional Zeolitic Imidazolate Frameworks And A General Strategy To Make More
- ▶ Hydroxamate-Based Metal-Organic Frameworks
- ▶ Mof Heterolites: Mesoscopic Heterogeneity Within Order With Porous Nanocrystals
- ▶ PFAS Removal from Water Through Fluorinated Cationic Reticular Materials
- ▶ Hydrochromic Reticular Materials
- ▶ Thiazole-Based Covalent Organic Frameworks For Low-Humidity Water Adsorption



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