



Simple Low-Cost Battery Electrode Alternative

Tech ID: 31735 / UC Case 2016-350-0

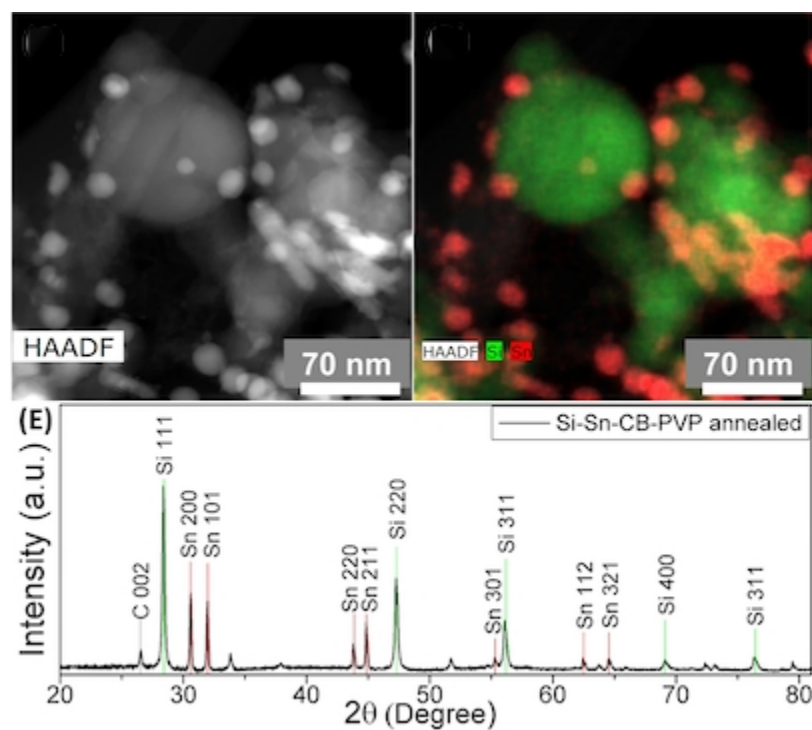
FULL DESCRIPTION

Background

Silicon continues to be investigated as the next generation anode material because of its high lithiation capacity, abundant availability and non-toxicity. The structural instability of silicon anodes during lithiation, the low electrical conductivity and the formation of an unstable solid electrolyte interphase, leading to a fast capacity fade and poor cycling stability of the electrodes – have hampered increased adoption. An improved formulation of silicon would greatly enhance its use as a replacement for graphite anodes in lithium-ion batteries.

Technology

Prof. Mangolini and his colleagues from the University of California, Riverside have developed a novel silicon-tin nanocomposite that may be used as anodes for lithium-ion batteries. Commercial silicon particles and off-the-shelf additives such as tin dichloride are used due to their low material cost and have shown good performance in both capacity and stability.



(Left) High angle annular dark field image confirming the compositional variation between the large particles and the smaller one decorating the surface of the larger particles. (Right) Elemental mapping corresponding to (Left), confirming that the larger particles are silicon while the smaller ones are tin. (Bottom) XRD pattern for the silicon-tin nanocomposite, confirming the presence of both the silicon and the tin crystalline phases.

APPLICATIONS

- ▶ To replace graphite anodes in lithium-ion batteries for improved battery capacity and stability
- ▶ For use in electrochemical energy storage systems

ADVANTAGES

The significance benefits of this invention are:

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OTHER INFORMATION

KEYWORDS

coating silicon nanoparticles, anode, silicon-tin nanoparticles, lithium-ion battery, silicon anode, electrochemical energy storage, energy storage

CATEGORIZED AS

- ▶ **Energy**
 - ▶ Storage/Battery
- ▶ **Materials & Chemicals**
 - ▶ Composites
 - ▶ Nanomaterials
- ▶ **Nanotechnology**
 - ▶ Materials
- ▶ **Transportation**
 - ▶ Aerospace
 - ▶ Automotive
 - ▶ Other

RELATED CASES

2016-350-0

- ▶ The hybrid structures show a dramatic improvement compared to those prepared with silicon alone.
- ▶ Measurements suggest that these composites have an overall lower active layer resistance compared to a silicon-only case and are demonstrating the full utilization of the active material.
- ▶ The effectiveness of this simple, low-cost approach suggests that if used in combination with more advanced structures, it may provide the critical improvement necessary to finally realize a silicon-based next-generation anode.

PATENT STATUS

Country	Type	Number	Dated	Case
United States Of America	Issued Patent	11,152,608	10/19/2021	2016-350

RELATED MATERIALS

- ▶ Zhong, L., et al. Tin Nanoparticles as an Effective Conductive Additive in Silicon Anodes. Nature Scientific Reports 2016 (6) 30952 - 08/03/2016

INVENTIONS BY PROF. MANGOLINI

Please review all [inventions by Prof. Mangolini and his team at UCR](#).

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