Vertical Cavity Surface-Emitting Lasers with Continuous Wave Operation

Tech ID: 29210 / UC Case 2018-250-0

BRIEF DESCRIPTION

An m-plane VCSEL with an active region that has thick quantum wells and operation in continuous wave.

BACKGROUND

Vertical-cavity surface-emitting lasers (VCSELs) are semiconductor laser diodes that emit light normal to the substrate. This design has many advantages over edge-emitting lasers and light-emitting diodes, such as low threshold current, circular mode profile, high-speed direct modulation, ability for single longitudinal mode operation, and two-dimensional arraying capability. As opposed to arsenide and phosphide-based devices, electrically-injected III-nitride VCSELs have been relatively difficult to create, and only eight research groups have successfully demonstrated these devices in the past decade. While most of the reports have been on c-plane, m-plane VCSELs have been demonstrated and have many advantages, such as lack of the quantum confined Stark effect, higher material gain, and anisotropic gain that leads to 100% polarization ratio. However, m-plane VCSEL devices have not been able to achieve continuous wave operation.

DESCRIPTION

Researchers at the University of California, Santa Barbara have created an m-plane VCSEL with an active region that has thick quantum wells and operation in continuous wave. This is the first report of a VCSEL capable of continuous wave operation. Thicker quantum wells (QWs) are possible on semipolar or nonpolar m-plane GaN, in contrast with standard c-plane GaN. These devices have improved thermal performance and a longer cavity length.

ADVANTAGES

- III-nitride VCSEL with continuous wave operation
- 100% polarized VCSEL emission

APPLICATIONS

- VCSELs
- AR/VR
- High-resolution displays
- LiFi
- Visible wavelength LIDAR

PATENT STATUS

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<td>United States Of America</td>
<td>Published Application</td>
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OTHER INFORMATION

KEYWORDS

Indfeat, VCSELs, LiFi, Augmented Reality, Virtual Reality, quantum wells, m-plane, semiconductors

CATEGORIZED AS

- Communications
- Other
- Energy
- Lighting
- Imaging
- 3D/Immersive

RELATED CASES

2018-250-0

ADDITIONAL TECHNOLOGIES BY THESE INVENTORS

- Method for Improved Surface of (Ga,Al,In,B)N Films on Nonpolar or Semipolar Substrates
- High Efficiency LED with Optimized Photonic Crystal Extractor
- Enhanced Optical Polarization of Nitride LEDs by Increased Indium Incorporation
- Etching Technique for the Fabrication of Thin (Al, In, Ga)N Layers
- Lateral Growth Method for Defect Reduction of Semipolar Nitride Films
Low-Cost Zinc Oxide for High-Power-Output, GaN-Based LEDs (UC Case 2010-183)
- Internal Heating for Ammonothermal Growth of Group-III Nitride Crystals
- Defect Reduction in GaN films using in-situ SiNx Nanomask
- Enhanced Light Extraction LED with a Tunnel Junction Contact Wafer Bonded to a Conductive Oxide
- Highly Efficient Blue-Violet III-Nitride Semipolar Laser Diodes
- Hybrid Growth Method for Improved III-Nitride Tunnel Junction Devices
- Phosphor-Free White Light Source
- Volumetric Hole Injection with Intentional V-Defects
- Low Temperature Deposition of Magnesium Doped Nitride Films
- Transparent Mirrorless (TML) LEDs
- Improved GaN Substrates Prepared with Ammonothermal Growth
- Laser Diode With Tunnel Junction Contact Surface Grating
- Optimization of Laser Bar Orientation for Nonpolar Laser Diodes
- High Efficiency Semipolar AlGaN-Cladding-Free Laser Diodes
- Method for Growing Self-Assembled Quantum Dot Lattices
- Size-Independent Forward Voltage Micro-LED with an Epitaxial Junction
- Method for Enhancing Growth of Semipolar Nitride Devices
- III-Nitride Tunnel Junction with Modified Interface
- Growth of Polyhedron-Shaped Gallium Nitride Bulk Crystals
- Nonpolar III-Nitride LEDs With Long Wavelength Emission
- Improved Fabrication of Nonpolar InGaN Thin Films, Heterostructures, and Devices
- Growth of High-Quality, Thick, Non-Polar M-Plane GaN Films
- Increased Light Extraction with Multistep Deposition of ZnO on GaN
- Method for Manufacturing Improved III-Nitride LEDs and Laser Diodes: Monolithic Integration of Optically Pumped and Electrically Injected III-Nitride LEDs
- Selective-Area Mesoporous Semiconductors And Devices For Optoelectronic And Photonic Applications
- High-Efficiency, Mirrorless Non-Polar and Semi-Polar Light Emitting Devices
- Method for Growing High-Quality Group III-Nitride Crystals
- Controlled Photoelectrochemical (PEC) Etching by Modification of Local Electrochemical Potential of Semiconductor Structure
- Incorporating Temperature-Sensitive Layers in III-N Devices
- Oxyfluoride Phosphors for Use in White Light LEDs
- Technique for the Nitride Growth of Semipolar Thin Films, Heterostructures, and Semiconductor Devices
- (In,Ga,Al)N Optoelectronic Devices with Thicker Active Layers for Improved Performance
- MOCVD Growth of Planar Non-Polar M-Plane Gallium Nitride
- Reduced Dislocation Density of Non-Polar GaN Grown by Hydride Vapor Phase Epitaxy
- Heterogeneously Integrated GaN on Si Photonic Integrated Circuits
- Reduction in Leakage Current and Increase in Efficiency of III-Nitride MicroLEDs
- Methods for Fabricating III-Nitride Tunnel Junction Devices
- Low-Droop LED Structure on GaN Semi-polar Substrates
- Contact Architectures for Tunnel Junction Devices
- GaN Interlayer Design to Fully Eliminate V-Pits from InGaN Pseudo-Substrates
- Semi-polar LED/LD Devices on Relaxed Template with Misfit Dislocation at Hetero-interface
- Photoelectrochemical Etching Of P-Type Semiconductor Heterostructures
- Semipolar-Based Yellow, Green, Blue LEDs with Improved Performance
- Growth of Semipolar III-V Nitride Films with Lower Defect Density
- III-Nitride Tunnel Junction LED with High Wall Plug Efficiency
- Improved Manufacturing of Solid State Lasers via Patternign of Photonic Crystals
- Solid Solution Phosphors for Use in Solid State White Lighting Applications
- Multifaceted III-Nitride Surface-Emitting Laser
- Tunable White Light Based on Polarization-Sensitive LEDs
- Cleaved Facet Edge-Emitting Laser Diodes Grown on Semipolar GaN
- Growth of High-Performance M-plane GaN Optical Devices
- Packaging Technique for the Fabrication of Polarized Light Emitting Diodes
- Improved Anisotropic Strain Control in Semipolar Nitride Devices
- High Light Extraction Efficiency III-Nitride LED
- Photoelectrochemical Etching for Chip Shaping Of LEDs
- III-V Nitride Device Structures on Patterned Substrates
- Activation of P-Type Layers of Tunnel Junctions in Micro-LEDs
- Hexagonal Wurtzite Type Epitaxial Layer with a Low Alkali-Metal Concentration
- Method for Increasing GaN Substrate Area in Nitride Devices
- Nitride Based Ultraviolet LED with an Ultraviolet Transparent Contact
- Growth of Planar, Non-Polar, A-Plane GaN by Hydride Vapor Phase Epitaxy
- Single or Multi-Color High Efficiency LED by Growth Over a Patterned Substrate
- GaN-Based Thermoelectric Device for Micro-Power Generation
- Limiting Strain-Relaxation in III-Nitride Heterostructures by Substrate Patternning
- Improved Manufacturing of Semiconductor Lasers
- LED Device Structures with Minimized Light Re-Absorption
- Growth of Planar Semi-Polar Gallium Nitride
- Nonpolar (Al, B, In, Ga)N Quantum Well Design
- UV Optoelectronic Devices Based on Nonpolar and Semi-polar AlInN and AlInGaN Alloys
- Integration And Mass Transfer Of Microleds
- Defect Reduction of Non-Polar and Semi-Polar III-Nitrides
- III-Nitride Based VCSEL with Curved Mirror on P-Side of the Aperture
- Low-Cost Zinc Oxide for High-Power-Output, GaN-Based LEDs (UC Case 2010-150)
- Suppression of Defect Formation and Increase in Critical Thickness by Silicon Doping
- Wafer Bonding for Embedding Active Regions with Relaxed Nanofeatures
- Enhancing Growth of Semipolar (Al,In,Ga,B)N Films via MOCVD