



## Vertical Cavity Surface-Emitting Lasers with Continuous Wave Operation

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### OTHER INFORMATION

#### KEYWORDS

indfeat, VCSELs, LiFi,  
Augmented Reality, Virtual  
Reality, quantum wells, m-  
plane, semiconductors

#### CATEGORIZED AS

- ▶ **Communications**
  - ▶ Other
- ▶ **Energy**
  - ▶ Lighting
- ▶ **Imaging**
  - ▶ 3D/Immersive

#### RELATED CASES

2018-250-0

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION

An *m*-plane VCSEL with an active region that has thick quantum wells and operation in continuous wave.

## BACKGROUND

Vertical-cavity surface-emitting lasers (VCSELs) are semiconductor laser diodes that emit light normal to the substrate. This design has many advantages over edge-emitting lasers and light-emitting diodes, such as low threshold current, circular mode profile, high-speed direct modulation, ability for single longitudinal mode operation, and two-dimensional arraying capability. As opposed to arsenide and phosphide-based devices, electrically-injected III-nitride VCSELs have been relatively difficult to create, and only eight research groups have successfully demonstrated these devices in the past decade. While most of the reports have been on *c*-plane, *m*-plane VCSELs have been demonstrated and have many advantages, such as lack of the quantum confined Stark effect, higher material gain, and anisotropic gain that leads to 100% polarization ratio. However, *m*-plane VCSEL devices have not been able to achieve continuous wave operation.

## DESCRIPTION

Researchers at the University of California, Santa Barbara have created an *m*-plane VCSEL with an active region that has thick quantum wells and operation in continuous wave. This is the first report of a VCSEL capable of continuous wave operation. Thicker quantum wells (QWs) are possible on semipolar or nonpolar *m*-plane GaN, in contrast with standard *c*-plane GaN. These devices have improved thermal performance and a longer cavity length.

## ADVANTAGES

- ▶ III-nitride VCSEL with continuous wave operation
- ▶ 100% polarized VCSEL emission

## APPLICATIONS

- ▶ VCSELs
- ▶ AR/VR
- ▶ High-resolution displays
- ▶ LiFi
- ▶ Visible wavelength LIDAR

## PATENT STATUS

Country	Type	Number	Dated	Case
United States Of America	Issued Patent	11,532,922	12/20/2022	2018-250

## ADDITIONAL TECHNOLOGIES BY THESE INVENTORS

- ▶ Etching Technique for the Fabrication of Thin (Al, In, Ga)N Layers
- ▶ Lateral Growth Method for Defect Reduction of Semipolar Nitride Films
- ▶ Eliminating Misfit Dislocations with In-Situ Compliant Substrate Formation
- ▶ III-Nitride-Based Vertical Cavity Surface Emitting Laser (VCSEL) with a Dielectric P-Side Lens

- ▶ Aluminum-cladding-free Nonpolar III-Nitride LEDs and LDs
- ▶ Low-Cost Zinc Oxide for High-Power-Output, GaN-Based LEDs (UC Case 2010-183)
- ▶ Defect Reduction in GaN films using in-situ SiN<sub>x</sub> Nanomask
- ▶ Enhanced Light Extraction LED with a Tunnel Junction Contact Wafer Bonded to a Conductive Oxide
- ▶ Low Temperature Deposition of Magnesium Doped Nitride Films
- ▶ Transparent Mirrorless (TML) LEDs
- ▶ Improved GaN Substrates Prepared with Ammonothermal Growth
- ▶ Optimization of Laser Bar Orientation for Nonpolar Laser Diodes
- ▶ Method for Enhancing Growth of Semipolar Nitride Devices
- ▶ Ultraviolet Laser Diode on Nano-Porous AlGaN template
- ▶ Improved Reliability & Enhanced Performance of III-Nitride Tunnel Junction Optoelectronic Devices
- ▶ Growth of Polyhedron-Shaped Gallium Nitride Bulk Crystals
- ▶ Nonpolar III-Nitride LEDs With Long Wavelength Emission
- ▶ Improved Fabrication of Nonpolar InGaN Thin Films, Heterostructures, and Devices
- ▶ Growth of High-Quality, Thick, Non-Polar M-Plane GaN Films
- ▶ Method for Growing High-Quality Group III-Nitride Crystals
- ▶ Controlled Photoelectrochemical (PEC) Etching by Modification of Local Electrochemical Potential of Semiconductor Structure
- ▶ Oxyfluoride Phosphors for Use in White Light LEDs
- ▶ Technique for the Nitride Growth of Semipolar Thin Films, Heterostructures, and Semiconductor Devices
- ▶ (In,Ga,Al)N Optoelectronic Devices with Thicker Active Layers for Improved Performance
- ▶ Thermally Stable, Laser-Driven White Lighting Device
- ▶ MOCVD Growth of Planar Non-Polar M-Plane Gallium Nitride
- ▶ Methods for Fabricating III-Nitride Tunnel Junction Devices
- ▶ Low-Droop LED Structure on GaN Semi-polar Substrates
- ▶ Contact Architectures for Tunnel Junction Devices
- ▶ Semi-polar LED/LD Devices on Relaxed Template with Misfit Dislocation at Hetero-interface
- ▶ Semipolar-Based Yellow, Green, Blue LEDs with Improved Performance
- ▶ III-Nitride-Based Devices Grown On Thin Template On Thermally Decomposed Material
- ▶ Growth of Semipolar III-V Nitride Films with Lower Defect Density
- ▶ III-Nitride Tunnel Junction LED with High Wall Plug Efficiency
- ▶ Tunable White Light Based on Polarization-Sensitive LEDs
- ▶ Cleaved Facet Edge-Emitting Laser Diodes Grown on Semipolar GaN
- ▶ Growth of High-Performance M-plane GaN Optical Devices
- ▶ Packaging Technique for the Fabrication of Polarized Light Emitting Diodes
- ▶ Improved Anisotropic Strain Control in Semipolar Nitride Devices
- ▶ Novel Multilayer Structure for High-Efficiency UV and Far-UV Light-Emitting Devices
- ▶ III-V Nitride Device Structures on Patterned Substrates
- ▶ Method for Increasing GaN Substrate Area in Nitride Devices
- ▶ High-Intensity Solid State White Laser Diode
- ▶ Nitride Based Ultraviolet LED with an Ultraviolet Transparent Contact
- ▶ GaN-Based Thermoelectric Device for Micro-Power Generation
- ▶ Limiting Strain-Relaxation in III-Nitride Heterostructures by Substrate Patterning
- ▶ LED Device Structures with Minimized Light Re-Absorption
- ▶ Growth of Planar Semi-Polar Gallium Nitride
- ▶ High-Efficiency and High-Power III-Nitride Devices Grown on or Above a Strain Relaxed Template
- ▶ UV Optoelectronic Devices Based on Nonpolar and Semi-polar AlInN and AlInGaN Alloys

- ▶ Defect Reduction of Non-Polar and Semi-Polar III-Nitrides
- ▶ III-Nitride Based VCSEL with Curved Mirror on P-Side of the Aperture
- ▶ Enhancing Growth of Semipolar (Al,In,Ga,B)N Films via MOCVD

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