# Berkeley IPIRA

**Request Information** 

# METAL-ORGANIC FRAMEWORKS FOR H2 ADSORPTION AND DRUG DELIVERY

Tech ID: 25732 / UC Case 2016-125-0

# PATENT STATUS

Country	Туре	Number	Dated	Case
United States Of America	Issued Patent	11,065,264	07/20/2021	2016-125

### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION**

Metal-organic frameworks (MOFs) are an important class of materials with high internal surface areas and tunable pore environments that make them of interest for a wide variety of potential applications, including gas adsorption and drug delivery. One of the most ubiquitous MOF materials is of the type M2(dobdc) (2,5-dioxido-1,4benzenedicarboxylate), sometimes referred to as M-MOF-74. The pores of these frameworks can be expanded while preserving the parent framework structure by using ligands and other analogues with multiple phenylene groups.

With an interest in exploring new ligands for expanded MOF-74 architectures, UC Berkeley researschers created a new family of expanded MOF-74 materials using the anti-inflammatory olsalazine acid as a ligand to form M2(olz), where M = Mg, Fe, Co, Ni, and Zn. Upon activation, these materials exhibit the highest Langmuir surface areas among bioactive frameworks. The M2(olz) frameworks contain pore apertures of approximately 27 Å, corresponding to the mesoporous range ( $\geq 20$  Å). Strong H2 adsorption was observed by gas adsorption studies and in situ infrared spectroscopy, confirming the presence of open metal sites for all but the Zn analogue. The Mg2(olz) framework, which disassembles under physiological conditions to release olsalazine, represents an unprecedented level of loading in a bioactive metal-organic framework of 86 wt % drug. In addition to delivery of olsalazine, the large pores of Mg2(olz) were used to encapsulate a second drug, illustrating the potential of this platform to deliver multiple therapeutic components.

#### SUGGESTED USES

- » Drug Formulation and delivery
- » Encapsulation and delivery of imaging agents

#### ADVANTAGES

- » High biocompatibility and large pore dimensions
- $\hspace{0.1em} \hspace{0.1em} \hspace{01em} \hspace{01em} \hspace{0.1em} \hspace{0.1em} \hspace{01em} \hspace{0$
- » Exhibits gradual release of drugs

## CONTACT

Michael Cohen mcohen@berkeley.edu tel: 510-643-4218.



### **INVENTORS**

» Long, Jeffrey R.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

#### **KEYWORDS**

MOF, drug delivery, gas adsorption,

dihydrogen, ligands

#### **CATEGORIZED AS**

» Materials & Chemicals

» Chemicals

» Medical

>>> Delivery Systems

>> Imaging

**RELATED CASES** 2016-125-0

Permalink

- Next-Generation Metal-Organic Frameworks With High Deliverable Capacities For Gas Storage Applications
- Structures and Apparatus using Three-Dimensional Linked Networks
- ► Gas Separations With Redox-Active Metal-Organic Frameworks
- Metal-Organic Frameworks For Aromatic Hydrocarbon Separations
- Novel Porous Organic Polymers for Ammonia Adsorption
- Redox-Active Metal-Organic Frameworks for the Catalytic Oxidation of Hydrocarbons



University of California, Berkeley Office of Technology Licensing 2150 Shattuck Avenue, Suite 510, Berkeley,CA 94704 Tel: 510.643.7201 | Fax: 510.642.4566 ipira.berkeley.edu/ | otl-feedback@lists.berkeley.edu © 2016 - 2021, The Regents of the University of California Terms of use | Privacy Notice