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Improved Anisotropic Strain Control in Semipolar Nitride Devices

Tech ID: 25606 / UC Case 2009-743-0

BRIEF DESCRIPTION

A method to control the anisotrophy of strain in semipolar nitride-based active layers of optoelectronic devices while maintaining high device performance and efficiency.

BACKGROUND

Nitride-based devices are typically grown coherently because dislocations can cause poor device performance. The presence of strain in quantum wells (QWs) can modulate the band structure of QWs (polarization of spontaneous emission and gain). Generally, strain in semipolar nitride epitaxial layers is anisotropic due to the different lattice parameters. This strain-anisotropy is automatically determined by the difference of lattice constant between a considered epitaxial layer and the substrate on which the considered layer is coherently grown. Therefore, techniques are needed to control the anisotropy of strain in QWs.

DESCRIPTION

UC Santa Barbara researchers have created a method to control the anisotrophy of strain in semipolar nitride-based active layers of optoelectronic devices while maintaining high device performance and efficiency. Using this method, misfit dislocations may be restricted to regions located far from device layers.

ADVANTAGES

- Controlled anistropic strain
- ► High efficiency
- Improved device performance
- Increased device yield
- Reduction of dislocations in active devices

APPLICATIONS

- ► LEDs
- ► Laser diodes (LDs)

PATENT STATUS

Country	Туре	Number	Dated	Case
United States Of America	Issued Patent	8,866,126	10/21/2014	2009-743
United States Of America	Issued Patent	8,481,991	07/09/2013	2009-743

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OTHER INFORMATION

KEYWORDS

indled, optoelectronic, quantum

wells, nitride, indssl

CATEGORIZED AS

- Engineering
- Energy
 - Lighting
- Semiconductors
 - Design and
 - Fabrication

RELATED CASES 2009-743-0

ADDITIONAL TECHNOLOGIES BY THESE INVENTORS

- Etching Technique for the Fabrication of Thin (AI, In, Ga)N Layers
- Lateral Growth Method for Defect Reduction of Semipolar Nitride Films
- Vertical Cavity Surface-Emitting Lasers with Continuous Wave Operation
- Eliminating Misfit Dislocations with In-Situ Compliant Substrate Formation
- III-Nitride-Based Vertical Cavity Surface Emitting Laser (VCSEL) with a Dielectric P-Side Lens
- Aluminum-cladding-free Nonpolar III-Nitride LEDs and LDs
- Low-Cost Zinc Oxide for High-Power-Output, GaN-Based LEDs (UC Case 2010-183)
- Defect Reduction in GaN films using in-situ SiNx Nanomask
- Enhanced Light Extraction LED with a Tunnel Junction Contact Wafer Bonded to a Conductive Oxide
- Low Temperature Deposition of Magnesium Doped Nitride Films
- Transparent Mirrorless (TML) LEDs
- Improved GaN Substrates Prepared with Ammonothermal Growth
- Optimization of Laser Bar Orientation for Nonpolar Laser Diodes
- Method for Enhancing Growth of Semipolar Nitride Devices
- Ultraviolet Laser Diode on Nano-Porous AlGaN template
- Improved Reliability & Enhanced Performance of III-Nitride Tunnel Junction Optoelectronic Devices
- Growth of Polyhedron-Shaped Gallium Nitride Bulk Crystals
- Nonpolar III-Nitride LEDs With Long Wavelength Emission
- Improved Fabrication of Nonpolar InGaN Thin Films, Heterostructures, and Devices
- Growth of High-Quality, Thick, Non-Polar M-Plane GaN Films
- Method for Growing High-Quality Group III-Nitride Crystals
- Controlled Photoelectrochemical (PEC) Etching by Modification of Local Electrochemical Potential of Semiconductor Structure
- Oxyfluoride Phosphors for Use in White Light LEDs
- Technique for the Nitride Growth of Semipolar Thin Films, Heterostructures, and Semiconductor Devices
- ▶ (In,Ga,AI)N Optoelectronic Devices with Thicker Active Layers for Improved Performance
- Thermally Stable, Laser-Driven White Lighting Device
- MOCVD Growth of Planar Non-Polar M-Plane Gallium Nitride
- Methods for Fabricating III-Nitride Tunnel Junction Devices
- ► Low-Droop LED Structure on GaN Semi-polar Substrates
- Contact Architectures for Tunnel Junction Devices
- Semi-polar LED/LD Devices on Relaxed Template with Misfit Dislocation at Hetero-interface
- Semipolar-Based Yellow, Green, Blue LEDs with Improved Performance
- III-Nitride-Based Devices Grown On Thin Template On Thermally Decomposed Material
- Growth of Semipolar III-V Nitride Films with Lower Defect Density
- III-Nitride Tunnel Junction LED with High Wall Plug Efficiency
- ► Tunable White Light Based on Polarization-Sensitive LEDs
- Cleaved Facet Edge-Emitting Laser Diodes Grown on Semipolar GaN
- Growth of High-Performance M-plane GaN Optical Devices
- Packaging Technique for the Fabrication of Polarized Light Emitting Diodes
- ▶ Novel Multilayer Structure for High-Efficiency UV and Far-UV Light-Emitting Devices
- ▶ III-V Nitride Device Structures on Patterned Substrates
- Method for Increasing GaN Substrate Area in Nitride Devices

- ▶ High-Intensity Solid State White Laser Diode
- ▶ Nitride Based Ultraviolet LED with an Ultraviolet Transparent Contact
- ► GaN-Based Thermoelectric Device for Micro-Power Generation
- Limiting Strain-Relaxation in III-Nitride Heterostructures by Substrate Patterning
- ▶ LED Device Structures with Minimized Light Re-Absorption
- ▶ Growth of Planar Semi-Polar Gallium Nitride
- ▶ High-Efficiency and High-Power III-Nitride Devices Grown on or Above a Strain Relaxed Template
- ▶ UV Optoelectronic Devices Based on Nonpolar and Semi-polar AlInN and AlInGaN Alloys
- ▶ Defect Reduction of Non-Polar and Semi-Polar III-Nitrides
- ▶ III-Nitride Based VCSEL with Curved Mirror on P-Side of the Aperture
- Enhancing Growth of Semipolar (Al,In,Ga,B)N Films via MOCVD

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