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# Small Molecule Agonists of VDAC2 to Treat Cardiac Arrhythmias and Heart Failure

Tech ID: 24411 / UC Case 2014-397-0

#### **SUMMARY**

UCLA researchers have developed a novel small molecule as a potential therapeutic treatment for cardiac fibrillation.

#### **BACKGROUND**

Aberrant Ca<sup>2+</sup> handling in cardiomyocytes is associated with a wide range of human cardiac diseases, including heart failure and arrhythmias. To uncover novel targets implicated in aberrant Ca<sup>2+</sup> handling, UCLA researchers developed a zebrafish model called *tremblor* that manifests Ca2+ extrusion defects and fibrillation-like chaotic cardiac contractions as a result of the loss of NCX1 sodium/calcium exchanger in cardiomyocytes.

This model was used as a phenotypic screen with a small molecule library developed at UCLA. Small molecules that restore rhythmic and coordinated cardiac contractions in *tremblor in vivo* were identified in this screen and used to pull down a novel mitochondrial target called VDAC2. This voltage-dependent channel protein plays a key role in maintaining Ca<sup>2+</sup> homeostasis and may therefore be a novel drug target for atrial and ventricular fibrillation and heart failure.

Mechanistically, these compounds potentiate the Ca<sup>2+</sup> transporting activity of VDAC2 thereby increasing the rate at which excess Ca<sup>2+</sup> ions are transferred from the cytoplasm into the mitochondria, restoring normal rhythmic Ca<sup>2+</sup> transients and suppressing cardiac fibrillation. The best compounds from this screen completely rescue the *tremblor* fibrillation phenotype in zebrafish and they have also been shown to be active in isolated adult mouse ventricular cardiomyocytes, human and mouse ES cell-derived cardiomyocytes and an initial in vivo rodent study.

The UCLA team is now working to optimize the PK/PD properties of these small molecule VDAC2 agonists and is planning to begin porcine studies in a well-characterized model of ventricular fibrillation.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Because VDAC2 is a novel drug target for atrial and ventricular fibrillation and heart failure the small molecule agonists under development at UCLA may be drug leads for all of these indications.

#### **ADVANTAGES**

- ▶ Can effectively regulate cardiac Ca2+ homeostasis and restore cardiac function
- No known side effects

#### STATE OF DEVELOPMENT

In vivo studies of the present technology have been conducted.

#### PATENT STATUS

Country	Туре	Number	Dated	Case
United States Of America	Issued Patent	12,378,193	08/05/2025	2014-397
Germany	Issued Patent	60 2015 072 491.7	08/18/2021	2014-397
Spain	Issued Patent	3233895	08/18/2021	2014-397
France	Issued Patent	3233895	08/18/2021	2014-397

#### **CONTACT**

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#### **INVENTORS**

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#### OTHER INFORMATION

#### **KEYWORDS**

Therapeutic, cardiac fibrillation, atrial fibrillation, small molecule, calcium homeostasis

#### **CATEGORIZED AS**

- **▶** Medical
  - ➤ Disease: Cardiovascular and Circulatory System
  - New Chemical Entities,
    Drug Leads
  - ▶ Therapeutics

**RELATED CASES** 

2014-397-0

United Kingdom	Issued Patent	3233895	08/18/2021	2014-397
Italy	Issued Patent	502021000089864	08/18/2021	2014-397
Sweden	Issued Patent	3233895	08/18/2021	2014-397
United States Of America	Published Application	20170362173	12/21/2017	2014-397

#### **RELATED MATERIALS**

- ▶ Mitochondrial Ca(2+) uptake by the voltage-dependent anion channel 2 regulates cardiac rhythmicity. ELife (2015)
- ➤ Xie Y, Ottolia M, John SA, Chen JN, Philipson KD. Conformational changes of a Ca2+-binding domain of the Na+/Ca2+ exchanger monitored by FRET in transgenic zebrafish heart. Am J Physiol Cell Physiol. 2008 Aug; 295(2):C388-93.
- ▶ Zhang Y, Shimizu H, Siu KL, Mahajan A, Chen JN and Cai H. (2014) NADPH oxidase 4 induces cardiac arrhythmic phenotype in zebrafish. J Biol Chem. 2014 Jun 24.
- ▶ Langenbacher AD1, Dong Y, Shu X, Choi J, Nicoll DA, Goldhaber JI, Philipson KD, Chen JN. Mutation in sodium-calcium exchanger 1 (NCX1) causes cardiac fibrillation in zebrafish. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2005

#### ADDITIONAL TECHNOLOGIES BY THESE INVENTORS

- Novel Non-Peptidomimetic Prenyltransferase Inhibitors
- ► Hydrodealkenylative C(Sp3)–C(Sp2) Bond Scission
- ► Compound Library Made Through Phosphine-Catalyzed Annulation/Tebbe/Diels-Alder Reaction

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