# High Resolution, Diagnostic Imaging of Fat Composition and Regional Location

Tech ID: 21265 / UC Case 2011-012-0

# BACKGROUND

Several study have suggested that fat composition and site of deposition can indicate the risk of many disorders, including cancer, type 2 diabetes, heart disease, and liver disease (NASH). In addition, regional differences in fat composition throughout the body suggest a depot-specific impact of stored fatty acids on adipocyte function and metabolism. Current diagnostic tools include MR spectroscopy, which has high spectral resolution but poor spatial resolution, and MRI IDEAL (iterative decomposition of water and fat with echo asymmetry and least squares estimation) gradient echo imaging, which can measure the amount but not the type of fat.

# **TECHNOLOGY DESCRIPTION**

Commonly employed MRI techniques for separating water and fat exploit differences in the precession frequency of protons in fat and water. UC researchers have simplified and improved analysis and data processing by identifying three most-relevant parameters that can be used to qualitatively and quantitatively image fat. By reducing the complexity of an MRI-generated fat spectrum, one is able to significantly improve the diagnostic utility of a scan with minimal effect on the scan time.

## **APPLICATIONS**

This technology can improve diagnostic utility for patients of diverse diseases that are characterized by specific types and locations of fat deposits. Such diseases include cancer, diabetes, and liver disease.

# **ADVANTAGES**

- Totally automated image reconstruction and data analysis.
- Requires only one breath-hold scan added to a standard MR examination.
- > Yields diagnostic information that cannot be derived from other non-invasive means.

## STATE OF DEVELOPMENT

*In vitro* validation is complete. Studies with human subjects are underway: the type and quantity of fat in the abdomen are measured with 5 mm resolution in a 24 second scan.

## INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY INFO

Pending patents available under confidentiality; worldwide, non-exclusive IP rights and copyright (software) available.

# **RELATED MATERIALS**

- Risérus U, et al., Dietary Fats and Prevention of Type 2 Diabetes. Prog Lipid Res 2009; 48: 44-51.
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- Pezeshkian et al., Fatty Acid Composition of Epicardial and Subcutaneous Human Adipose Tissue. Metabolic Syndrome and Related Disorders. Volume 7, Number 2, 2009. Pp. 125–132.
- ▶ Yu H, et al., SB. IDEAL Water-Fat Decomposition with Multi-Peak Fat Spectral Modeling. Magn Reson Med 2008; 60: 1122-1134.

Araya J, et al., Increase in Long-Chain Polyunsaturated Fatty Acid n - 6/n - 3 Ratio in Relation to Hepatic Steatosis in Patients with Non-Alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease. Clin Sci 2004; 106: 635-643.

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#### INVENTORS

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# **OTHER INFORMATION**

## KEYWORDS

fat, saturated fat, triglyceride, imaging, MRI, molecular resonance imaging, diagnostic, diagnosis, quantification, NASH, fatty liver disease, steaohepatitis, hepatitis, hepatic, adipose, adipocyte, cancer, tumor, carcinoma, diabetes, heart disease, liver disease, liver, steatosis, malignant, pre-clinical

#### CATEGORIZED AS

- Imaging
  - Medical
  - Software
- Medical
  - Diagnostics
  - Software
- Research Tools
  - Other

# **RELATED CASES**

2011-012-0, 2008-830-1, 2010-814-1

Country	Туре	Number	Dated	Case
United States Of America	Issued Patent	9,759,794	09/12/2017	2011-012

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