

Novel Inhibitors of N-Acylethanolamine-Hydrolyzing Acid Amidase (NAAA)

Tech ID: 18747 / UC Case 2007-532-0

BACKGROUND

Ethanolamides of long-chain fatty acids, termed N-acylethanolamines (NAEs) have been reported to have a variety of biological activities. NAEs are a substrate of N-acylethanolamine-hydrolyzing acid amidase (NAAA) that catalytically hydrolyze NAEs to ethanolamine and the corresponding fatty acid. The catalytic activity of NAAA is distinct from that of fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH) and NAAA exhibits a preference for N-palmitoylethanolamine (PEA) over other NAEs. PEA has anti-inflammatory, anti-nociceptive, immunosuppressive, neuroprotective and also anti-oxidant activity. These characteristics make NAAA an excellent therapeutic target for discovery of novel compounds to treat pain, inflammation, and other conditions that may benefit from modulating the levels of endogenous fatty-acid ethanolamides, particularly PEA.

TECHNOLOGY DESCRIPTION

Current analgesic and anti-inflammatory agents produce side effects, limited efficacy and there remains an unmet need for new therapeutics for pain and inflammatory disorders. UC Irvine investigators have discovered a new class of compounds that inhibit N-acylethanolamine-hydrolyzing acid amidase (NAAA). Several novel NAAA inhibitors showed submicromolar activity in vitro enzymatic assays. Potent and selective compounds were further evaluated for anti-inflammatory effects in animal models. An increase in PEA levels, modulation of the immune cell infiltrate, and a reduction in inflammation were demonstrated. NAAA inhibitors will be useful to alleviate conditions associated with a reduced concentration of N-palmitoylethanolamine (PEA), such as pain and inflammation, and neurodegenerative disorders.

APPLICATIONS

Various NAAA inhibitors were identified that will be useful in the treatment of conditions associated with reduced levels of endogenous ethanolamides. NAAA inhibitors represent therapeutic agents for the treatment of inflammatory diseases (rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, asthma, psoriasis), pain, metabolic diseases, and neurodegenerative diseases such as Alzheimer's Disease.

PATENT STATUS

Country	Type	Number	Dated	Case
United States Of America	Issued Patent	10,363,237	07/30/2019	2007-532
United States Of America	Issued Patent	9,908,848	03/06/2018	2011-056
United States Of America	Issued Patent	9,828,338	11/28/2017	2013-109
United States Of America	Issued Patent	9,353,075	05/31/2016	2011-057
United States Of America	Published Application	20100311711	12/09/2010	2007-532

CONTACT

Casie Kelly-Quintos
casie.kelly@uci.edu
tel: 949-824-2920.



INVENTORS

» Piomelli, Daniele

OTHER INFORMATION

CATEGORIZED AS

- » **Materials & Chemicals**
 - » Composites
- » **Medical**
 - » Disease: Autoimmune and Inflammation
 - » Disease: Cancer
 - » Disease: Central Nervous System
 - » Disease: Metabolic/Endocrinology
 - » Screening
- » **Veterinary**

RELATED CASES

2007-532-0, 2011-056-0,
2011-057-0, 2013-109-0

ADDITIONAL TECHNOLOGIES BY THESE INVENTORS

- ▶ Therapy to improve survival in patients with end stage renal disease
- ▶ Novel Acid Ceramidase Inhibitors for Oncology and Hyperproliferative Skin Disorders

UCI Beall
Applied Innovation

5270 California Avenue / Irvine,CA
92697-7700 / Tel: 949.824.2683



© 2009 - 2020, The Regents of the University of
California
Terms of use
Privacy Notice