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Conjugates That Combine HDAC Inhibitors and Retinoids into Disease Preventatives/Treatments

AVAILABLE TECHNOLOGIES

Tech ID: 32536 / UC Case 2019-783-0

ABSTRACT

Researchers at the University of California, Davis have developed methods for creating compositions with the potential to prevent or treat cancer or metabolic diseases. These compositions combine conjugates with covalently linked HDAC inhibitors and retinoids.

FULL DESCRIPTION

Despite steady therapy advances, cancer remains a prominent global disease. Furthermore, metabolic diseases such as diabetes, obesity, non-alcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH) and non-alcoholic fatty liver disease (NAFLD) also pose prominent threats to health worldwide. Thus, there is a need for new treatments for both cancer and various metabolic diseases. Previous research has shown that the combination of histone deacetylase (HDAC) inhibitors and retinoids can be effective treatments for cancer and metabolic diseases. However, synthetic HDAC inhibitors such as suberanilohydroxamic acid (SAHA) have toxicity concerns, and natural gut bacteria-generated HDAC inhibitors such as butyrate have low bioavailability due to their rapid metabolism and clearance.

Researchers at the University of California, Davis have developed compositions comprising conjugates with a polymeric backbone and covalently linked HDAC inhibitors and retinoids. These compositions have documented benefits in the treatment or prevention of cancer or metabolic diseases, particularly in colon and liver tissue. In contrast to the therapeutic shortcomings of individual drugs such as butyrate and retinoic acid (RA), the conjugates developed assemble into nanomicelles and release HDAC inhibitors and retinoids through slow hydrolysis, resulting in long-lasting efficacy. Moreover, the conjugates are orally deliverable, which is preferred by patients and much more cost-effective in low-resource settings (oral administration saves dispending and administration costs). The present formulations are effective in both the colon and the liver, and thus can be used for both colon and liver cancer, as well as metabolic disease associated with both organs.

APPLICATIONS

Potential treatments for cancer or metabolic diseases

FEATURES/BENEFITS

- Orally deliverable and non-odorous
- ▶ Therapeutics are released simultaneously to have interactive effects
- Retain individual as well as combined effects of retinoic acid and HDAC inhibitors

Based on the pathology or disease, the molar ratio of RA to short-chain fatty acids can be altered to optimize the desired clinical effects

PATENT STATUS

Country	Туре	Number	Dated	Case
United States Of America	Published Application	20220241227	08/04/2022	2019-783
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OTHER INFORMATION

KEYWORDS HDACi, HDAC, retinoids, NASH, NAFLD, conjugate,

cancer, liver, colon

CATEGORIZED AS

- Biotechnology
 - Health
- ► Medical
 - Disease: Cancer
 - Disease:
 - Metabolic/Endocrinology
 - New Chemical
 - Entities, Drug Leads
 - ► Therapeutics

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2019-783-0

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- > MiR-22 as a Potential Treatment Target for Steatohepatitis and Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus

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