

# Technology Development Group

# Available Technologies

# Contact Our Team

Request Information

**Permalink** 

# Thermomechanical Cycle for Thermal and/or Mechanical Energy Conversion Using Ferroelectric Materials

Tech ID: 23936 / UC Case 2013-637-0

## **BACKGROUND**

Rising awareness in sustainable and efficient energy technologies has stimulated efforts in harvesting energy that would otherwise be wasted.

The Olsen cycle, performed on pyroelectric materials, utilizes time-dependent temperature oscillations to convert thermal energy directly into electricity. And although it produces large energy densities, the Olsen cycle requires that source material be hotter than its Curie temperature to generate energy. Moreover, its power density is limited by slow thermal relaxation processes.

## **INNOVATION**

UCLA researchers in the Department of Mechanical Engineering have developed a new technology that takes thermal and/or mechanical energy, and converts it directly into electrical energy. This new thermomechanical cycle can harvest what is typically waste heat from internal combustion engines, heat pumps and refrigeration systems. Potential mechanical energy sources include vibrations from roads and various transportation systems. This system improves upon the Olsen cycle in several ways. It can generate energy at lower temperatures, the maximum power output is greater, and the new cycle can yield efficiencies higher than the Olsen cycle.

# **APPLICATIONS**

- ► Harvest waste heat energy and convert it to usable electricity.
- ► Heat from solar radiation
- ▶ Heat from power cycles (e.g., gas turbines, combustion engines)
- ▶ Heat from refrigeration cycles (e.g., refrigerators, AC units)
- ► Heat from heat pumps
- ▶ Harvest mechanical energy and convert it to usable electricity
- ▶ Vibrations from transportation systems and various mechanical systems
- ▶ Waste mechanical energy from moving objects (e.g., cars, trains, elevators, cranes)

# **ADVANTAGES**

By combining heating and mechanical work, this new cycle can

- Directly generate electricity, even at low temperatures
- Achieve greater maximum power output than the Olsen cycle while maintaining high energy density
- Achieve high energy conversion efficiencies

# STATE OF DEVELOPMENT

These new cycles have been reduced to practice on pyroelectric single crystals in Professor Pilon's laboratory.

# PATENT STATUS

Country	Туре	Number	Dated	Case
United States Of America	Issued Patent	10,170,678	01/01/2019	2013-637

## **CONTACT**

UCLA Technology Development Group

ncd@tdg.ucla.edu tel: 310.794.0558.



## **INVENTORS**

Pilon, Laurent G.

## OTHER INFORMATION

## **KEYWORDS**

Thermomechanical, energy

 $harvesting, \ Olsen \ cycle, \ Clean Tech,$ 

waste heat, waste energy

# **CATEGORIZED AS**

- **▶** Energy
  - ▶ Other
  - Solar
- **▶** Engineering
  - ▶ Engineering

**RELATED CASES** 

2013-637-0

# Gateway to Innovation, Research and Entrepreneurship

# **UCLA Technology Development Group**

10889 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 920,Los Angeles,CA 90095

tdg.ucla.edu

Tel: 310.794.0558 | Fax: 310.794.0638 | ncd@tdg.ucla.edu

© 2014 - 2019, The Regents of the University of California

Terms of use Privacy Notice









